

FISA DE LUCRU 1

1. Editați următoarele formule matematice:

a)
$$f(x) = b_0 + \frac{a_1}{b_1 + \frac{a_2}{b_2 + \frac{a_3}{b_3 + \frac{a_4}{b_4 + \frac{a_5}{b_5 + \dots}}}}$$

b)
$$f(x) \equiv 1 - \frac{x}{3!} + \frac{x^2}{5!} - \frac{x^3}{7!} + \dots$$

c)
$$R(x) \equiv \frac{\sum_{k=0}^M a_k x^k}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^N b_k x^k}$$

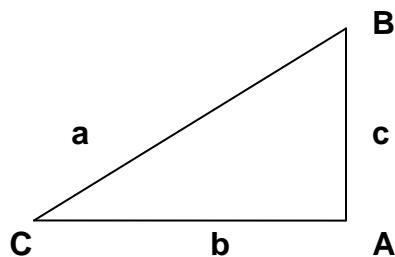
d)
$$\begin{aligned} 2F_1(a, b, c; y) &= 1 + \frac{ab}{c} \frac{z}{1!} + \frac{a(a+1)b(b+1)}{c(c+1)} \frac{z^2}{2!} + \dots \\ &+ \frac{a(a+1)...(a+j-1)b(b+1)...(b+j-1)}{c(c+1)...(c+j-1)} \frac{z^j}{j!} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

FIŞA DE LUCRU 2

1. Scrieți într-un tabel următoarele formule matematice:

$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz =$	$(x+y+z)(x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - xy - yz - zx)$
$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 =$	$(x+y+z)^3 - 3(x+y)(y+z)(z+x)$
$C_n^k = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$	$P_n = n!$
$A_n^k = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!}$	$C_n^p = C_n^{n-p}$

2. Desenați triunghiul de mai jos și scrieți într-un tabel formulele matematice:



$\sin B = \frac{b}{a}$	$\sin C = \frac{c}{a}$
$\cos B = \frac{c}{a}$	$\sin C = \frac{b}{a}$
$\tan B = \frac{b}{c}$	$\tan C = \frac{c}{b}$
$\cot B = \frac{c}{b}$	$\cot C = \frac{b}{c}$